

Photonics Summit and Workshop 2019

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San Jose, CA, USA

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High Performance InP Laser Technology Supporting RF Silicon Photonics Integration

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Nov-13th-2019

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• Presentation Outline

- CST Global Backgrounder & Device Technology
- CST 'InP100' Platform
 - Platform Features & Supported Devices
 - *DFB lasers for rf photonics*
 - 1270nm GPON DFB Lasers
 - 28Gbs⁻¹ Direct Mod Lasers
 - Wide operating temperature range DFBs
 - High Power C-band DFB for LIDAR
 - Reflective SOAs for tuneable lasers.
 - Platform Summary and Roadmap
- Silicon Photonics Overview & Landscape
 - Applications
 - III-V Hybrid Integration Technology
- Connection between 'InP100' and Silicon Photonics
 - Mechanical Integration
 - Accessing InP100 with Cadence Design Tools
- Final Summary

- CST Global - Designing and Manufacturing III-V Photonic Devices in the UK since 1999

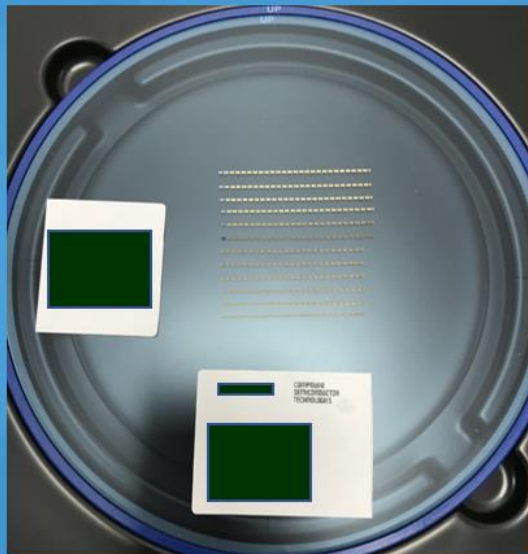


20,000 sq-ft cleanroom III-V Wafer Fab facility (< Class 50.) located in Blantyre, UK.

Lasers, detectors, modulators, amplifiers on InP, GaAs, GaSb and GaN wafers.

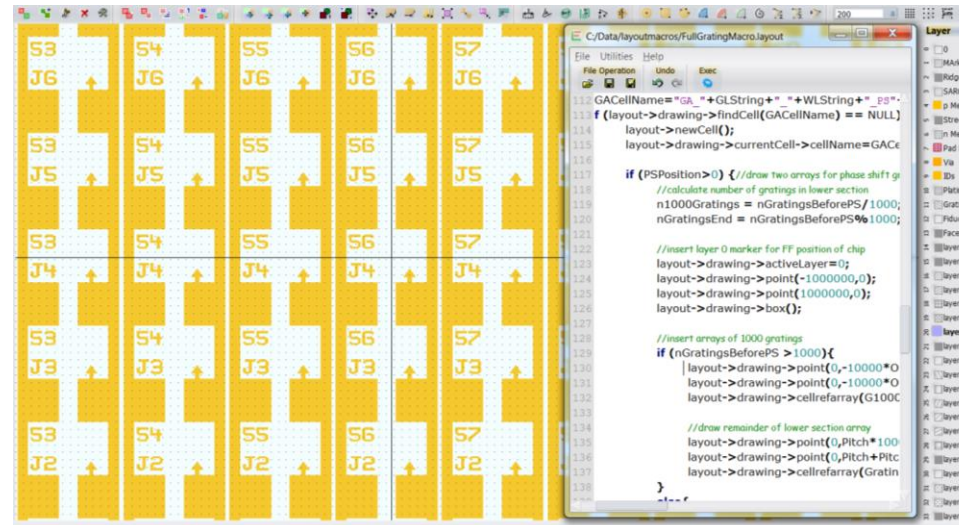
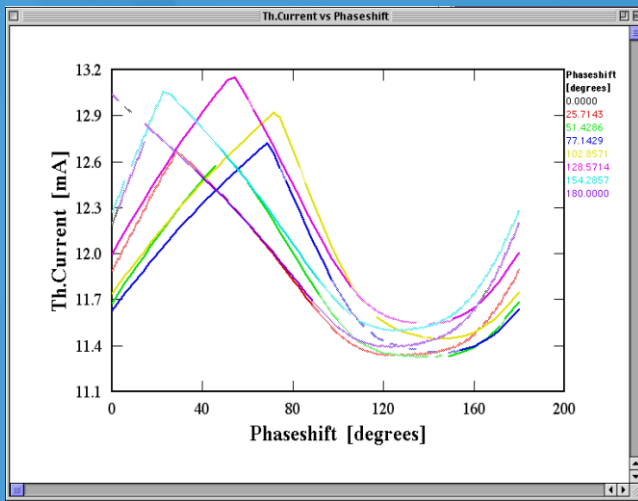
Flexible output format from processed wafers through to fully characterised assembled Chip-On-Submount.

Standard output:- Known-Good-Die-On-Tape (KGDOT)



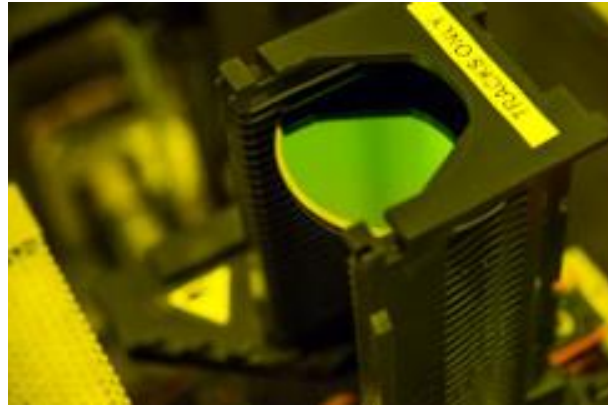
• Design and Modelling

- Full in-house design capability to translate customer requirements into full chip designs.
 - AlInGaAs and InGaAsP SMQW active region modelling.
 - Full device modelling using commercial and bespoke software packages.
 - Key strength in AlInGaAs DFB laser design for high-speed and high-power uncooled operation.
 - Designs optimised for high-reliability performance.
 - Scripted GDS CAD Layout with auto DRC.



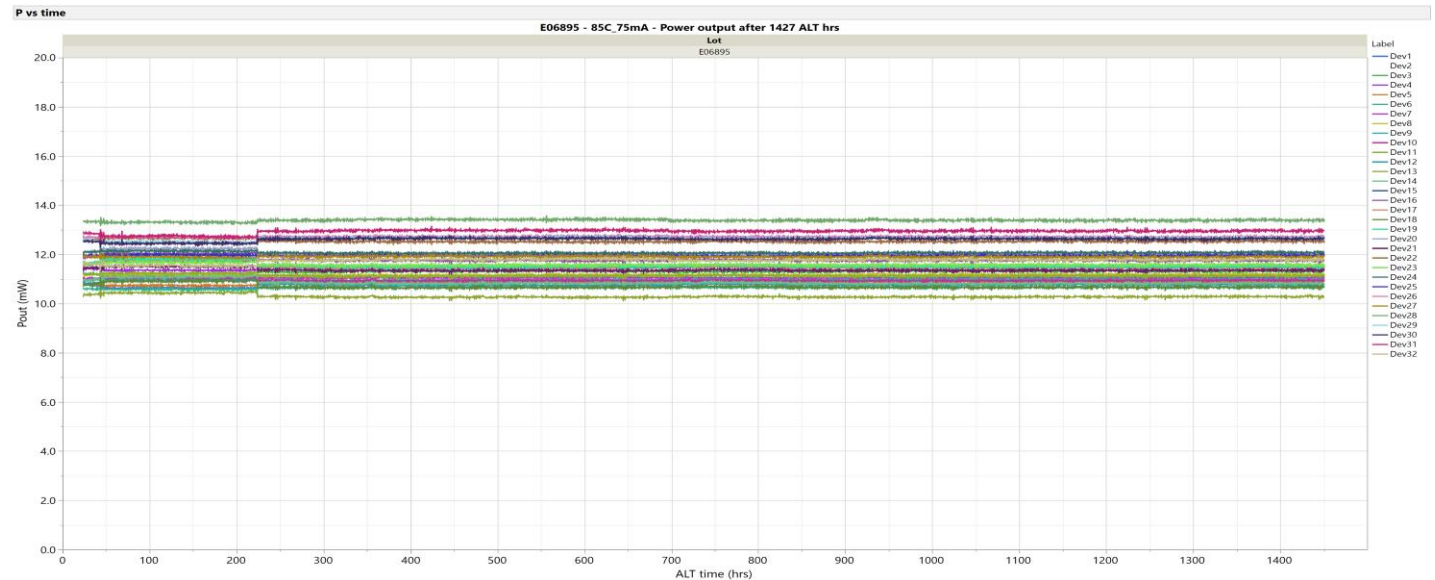
• Wafer Fab and Test

- Processing up to 100mm wafer sizes
- Contact and stepper based lithography (up to 20 layers)
- Automated backend (post-fab) processing
- High volume test capacity (2M lasers/month)



• Chip Reliability and Qualification

- In-house capability to perform:
 - HTOL and ALT testing to GR468. 2,000hrs, 5khrs & 10khrs test durations.
 - Damp-heat testing (eg 85C/85%)
 - Low and High temperature storage.
 - Detailed analysis, reliability and qual reports.



• Backgrounder Summary

- 20 year history designing and manufacturing III-V photonic devices
- Processing around 1000 wafers per year. Capacity of fab significantly higher.
 - Historic mix of InP (50%), GaAs (45%), GaSb (5%), GaN
- Traditionally manufacturing a very diverse mix of devices.
- Established InP laser supplier in volume PON markets shipping around 1M lasers (DFBs + FPs) per month
 - *Around 45 Million lasers in the field.*
- Recent dramatic increase in InP laser demand driven by emerging applications and Silicon Photonics integration.
- Implementation of “Platform Technology” approach necessary to increase standardisation and improve productivity.



- CST InP100 Platform



- Key features

- 100mm wafer size. Up to 125,000 die sites / wafer
- AllInGaAs and InGaAsP active regions. (1250nm to >1650nm)
- Coplanar ridge waveguide process architecture
- Ebeam lithography DFB gratings
- On-wafer facet etch and optical coatings
- Non-hermetic compatible
- Known-good die-on-tape delivery format
- Optimised architecture for SiPh flip-chip bonding
- Scalable to high volume

- Supported Devices

- DFB Lasers
 - Modulation rates from CW to 28GBs⁻¹
 - Rated power from 10mW to 100mW+
 - Very broad operating temperature range (-50°C to +95°C)
 - Narrow linewidth (<300kHz)
- Reflective SOAs for external cavity tuneable lasers
- MOPAs, EAMs and EMLs
- Single and array output format

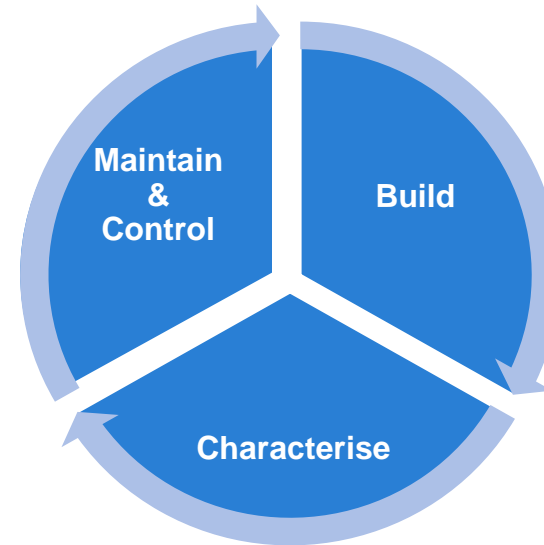
- CST InP100 Platform



- Key Benefits

- productivity
- efficiency
- stability

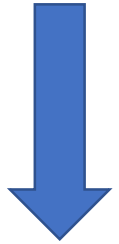
- Data acquisition
- Controls and monitors
- Rigorous process and tolerances
- SPC and PCMs
- >5Gb data per wafer



- Roadmap

- 150mm wafer size
- AuSn solder pads
- Stealth dicing
- Auto-Optical Inspection (AOI)

Customer



- Faster cycle times
- Consistent quality

- CST InP100 Platform

- Device Examples



• DFB Lasers for rf photonics

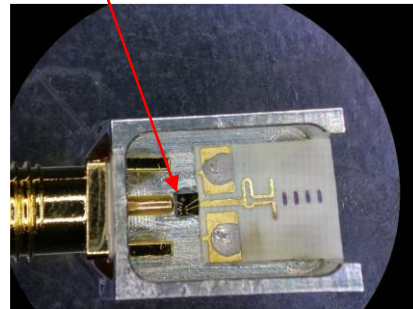
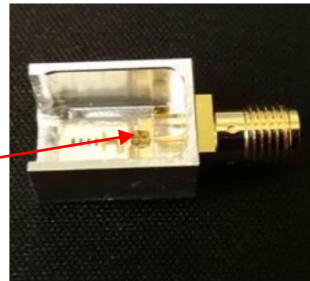
Innovate-UK Project “WiPhi”

High performance wireless/photonic interfaces for 60 GHz radio over fibre applications”

- Objective was to develop High-Speed DFB lasers for wireless to optical domain (Radio over Fibre) signal conversion.
- This was accomplished by direct modulation of the DFB laser by RTD amplified 1Gbs⁻¹ baseband signals.

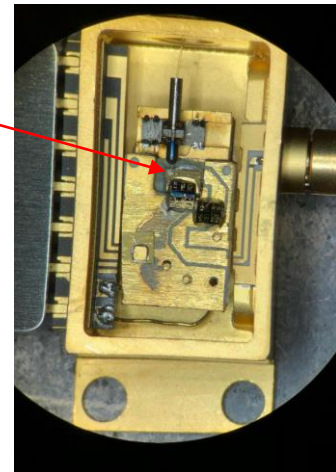
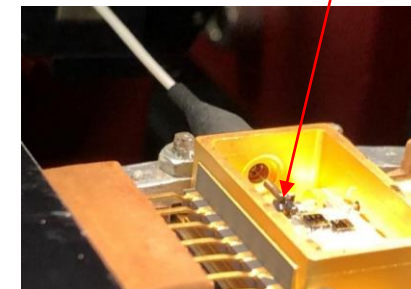
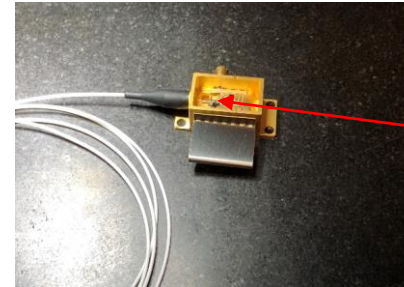
Packaged version of 60 GHz wireless transmitter:

60 GHz RTD oscillator



Butterfly package version of 10 Gbps RoF transducer

CST 10 Gbps DFB laser



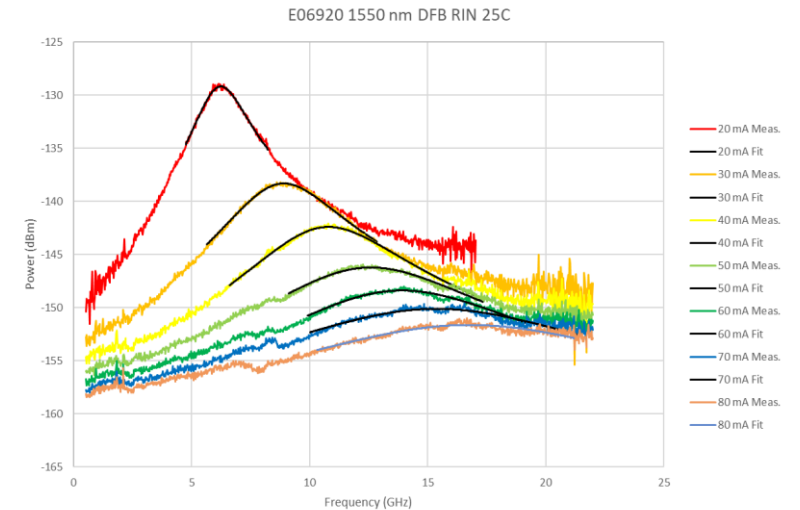
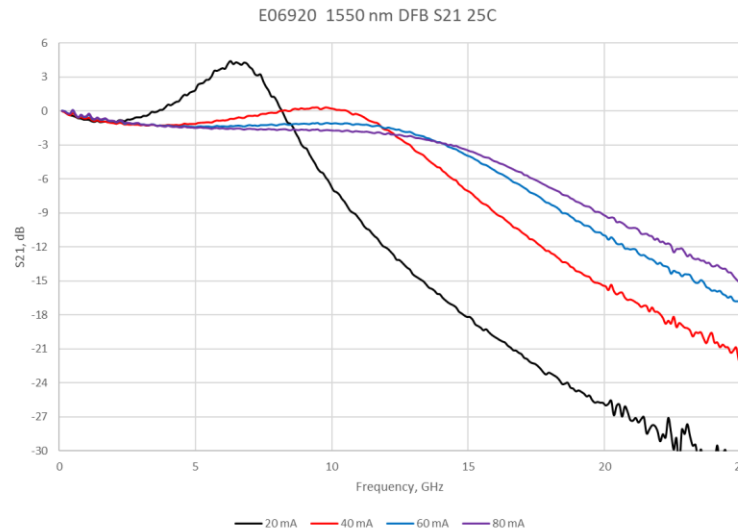
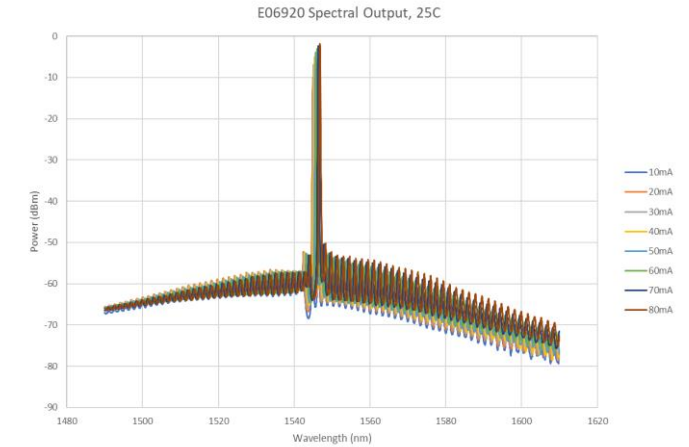
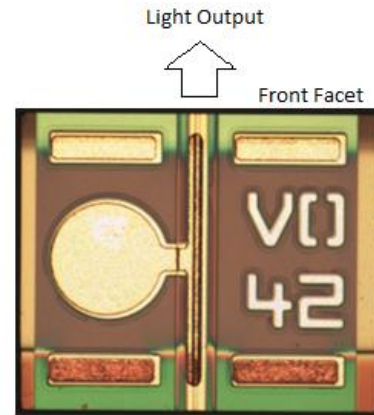
DFB Lasers for rf photonics

Innovate-UK Project
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High performance wireless/photonic interfaces for 60 GHz radio over fibre applications”



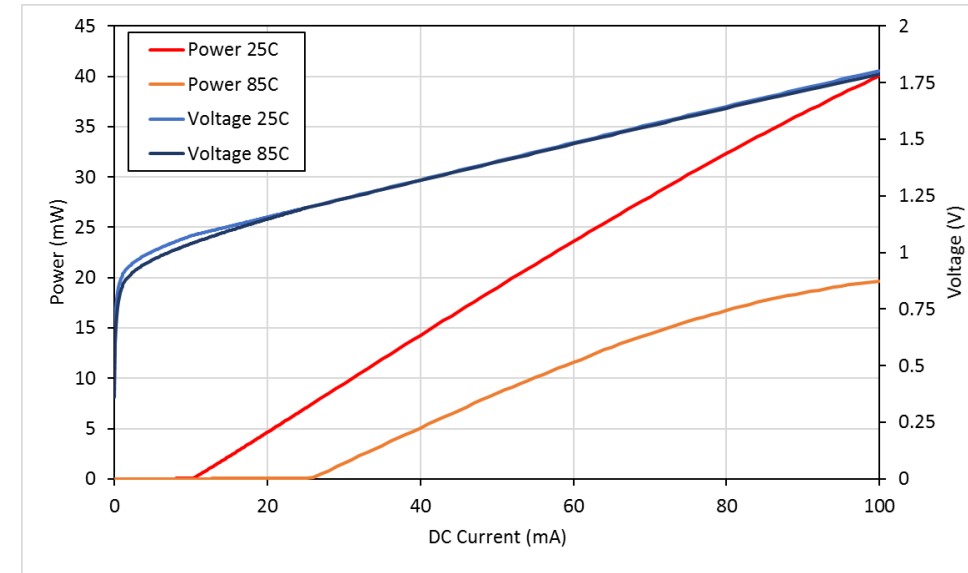
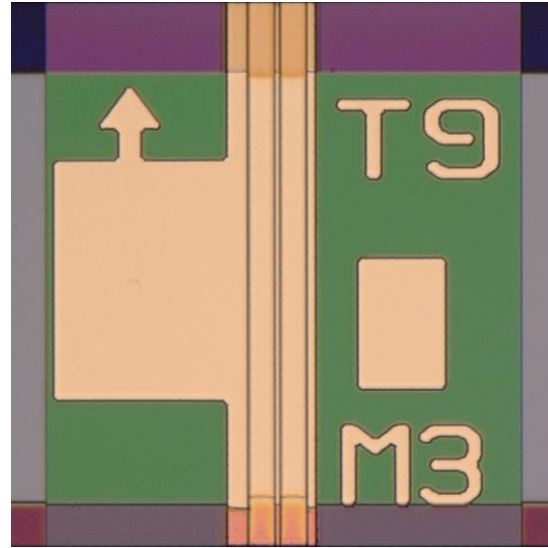
- 10Gbs⁻¹ DFB laser designed, fabricated and characterized at CST
- Cavity length: 200μm, Operation wavelength: 1550nm
- S21 3dB Bandwidth: 14GHz (25C), Output Power: 10dBm (50mA, 25C)



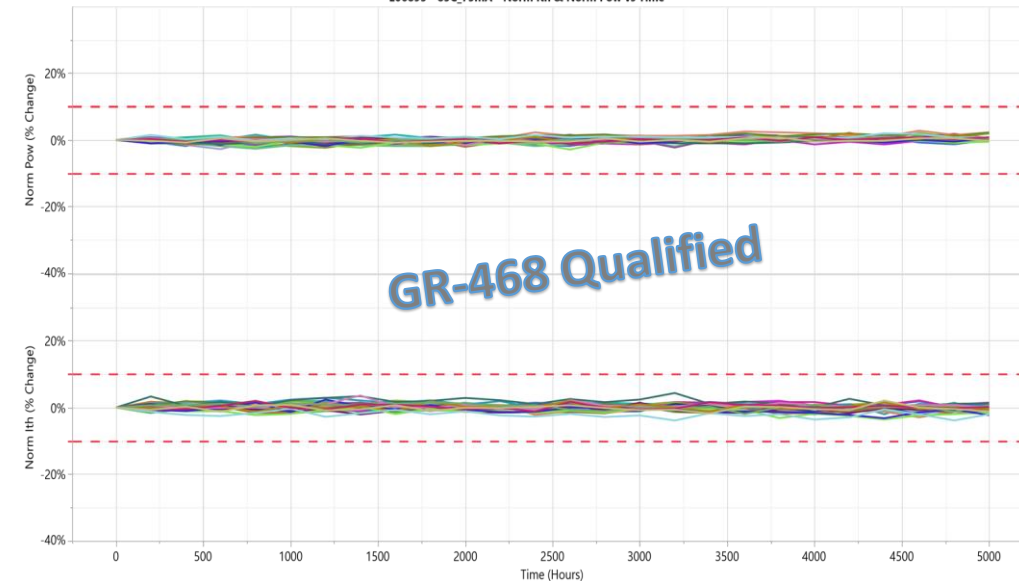
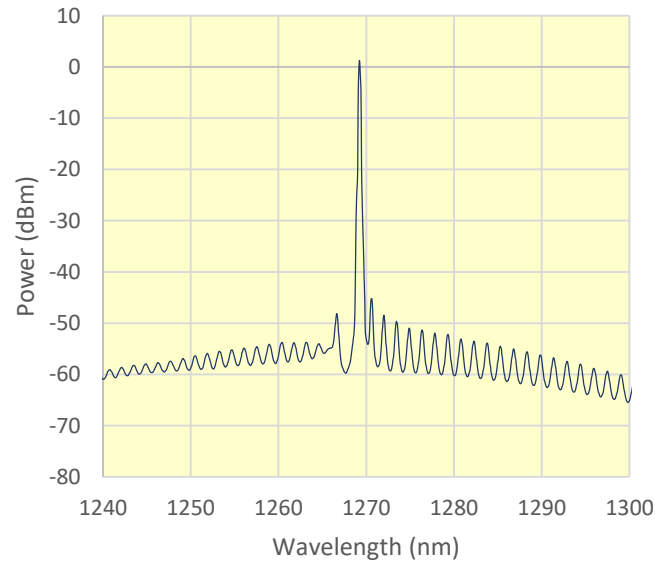
• 1270nm GPON DFB Lasers

ITU XG-PON (G.987.2 - 2.5G)
 ITU-XGS-PON (G.9807.1 - 10G)
 (Rated from -40C to +85C)

- 2.5G/10G DFB lasers designed, fabricated and qualified



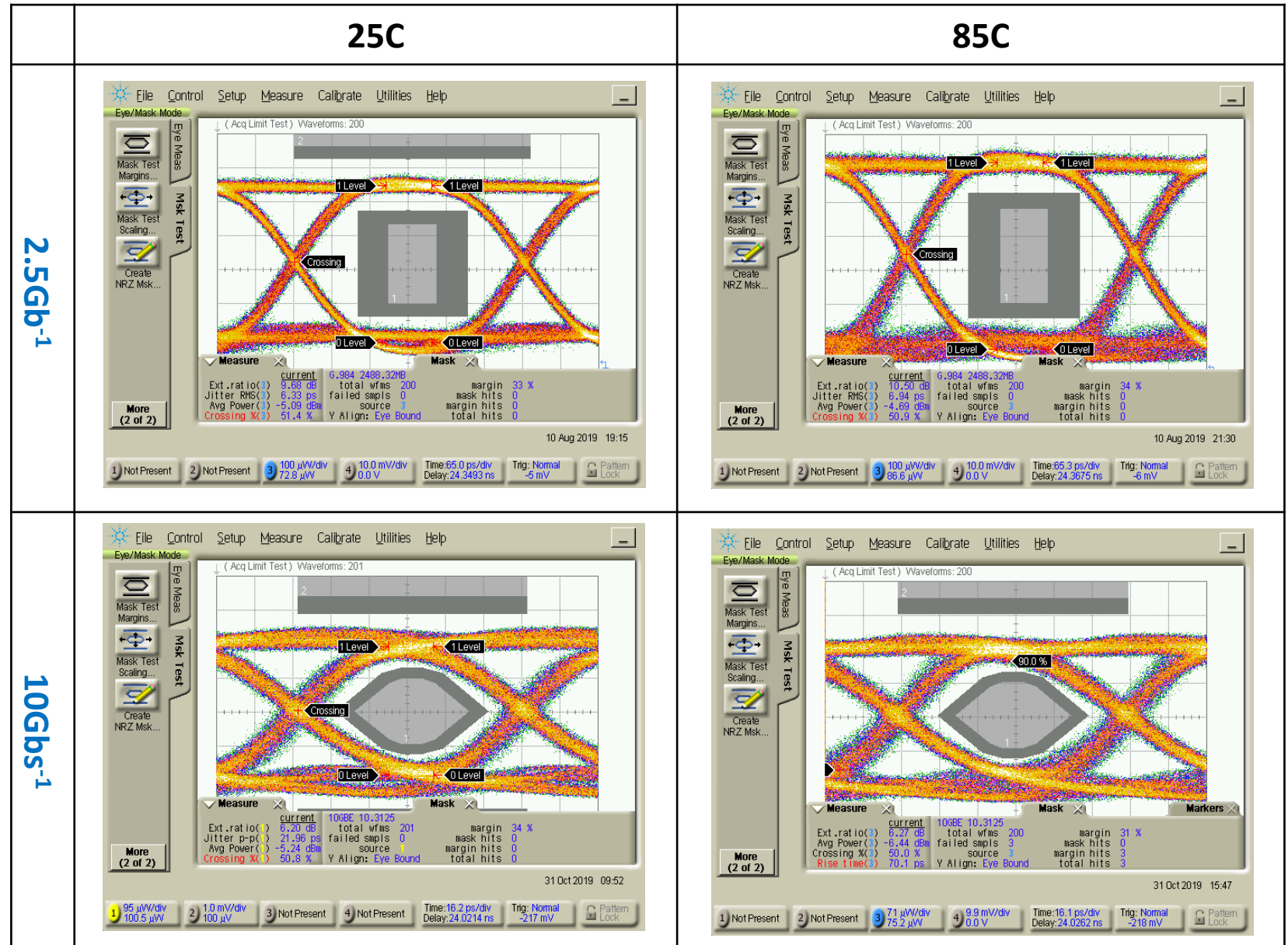
E06895 - 85C_75mA - Norm Ith & Norm Pow vs Time



• 1270nm GPON DFB Lasers

ITU XG-PON (G.987.2 - 2.5G)
ITU-XGS-PON (G.9807.1 - 10G)

- NRZ eye diagrams of lasers in high-speed TOSA packages.

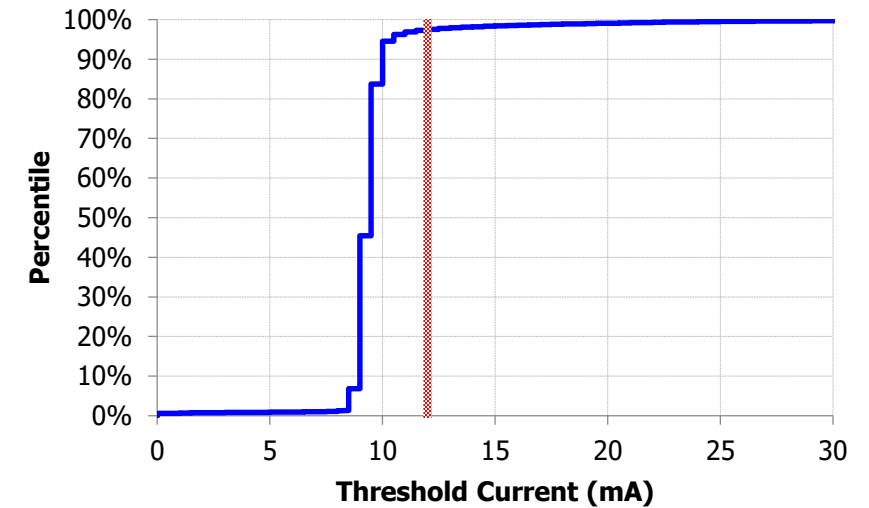
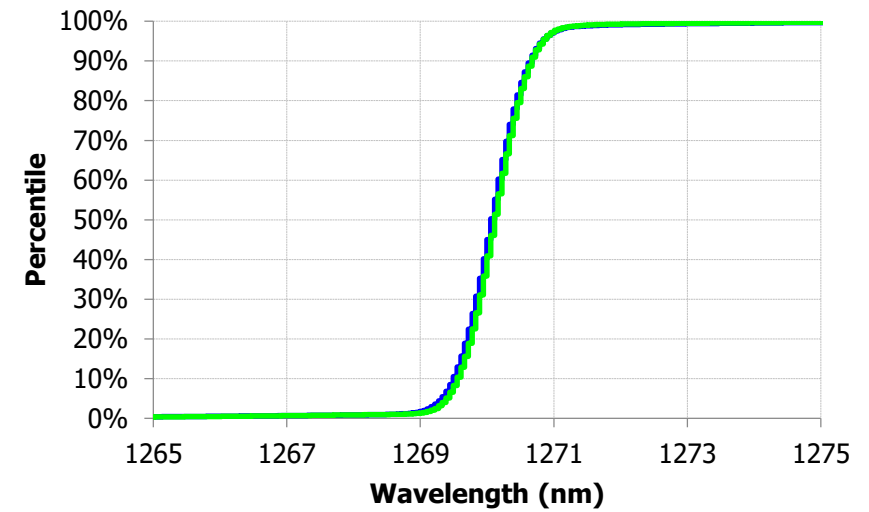
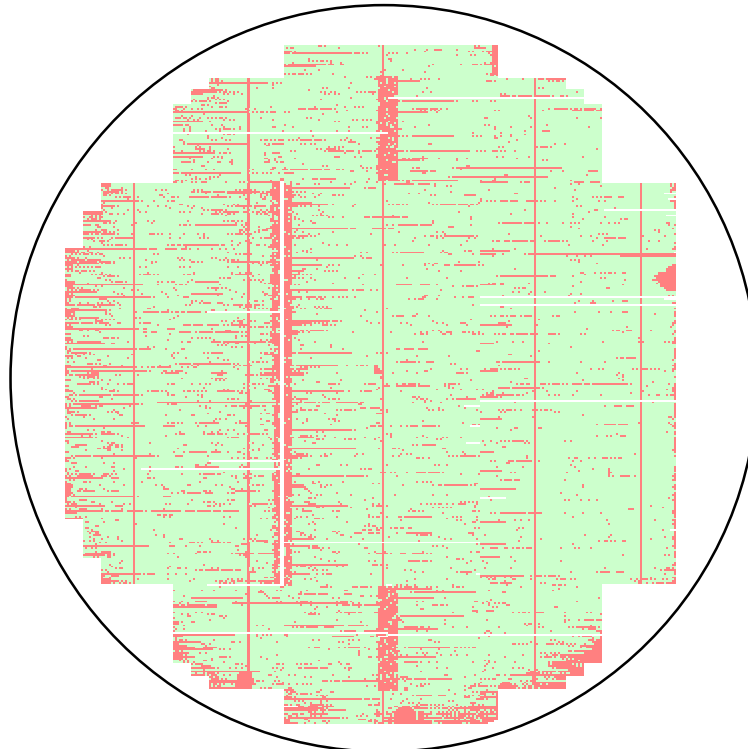


• 1270nm GPON DFB Lasers

ITU XG-PON (G.987.2 - 2.5G)

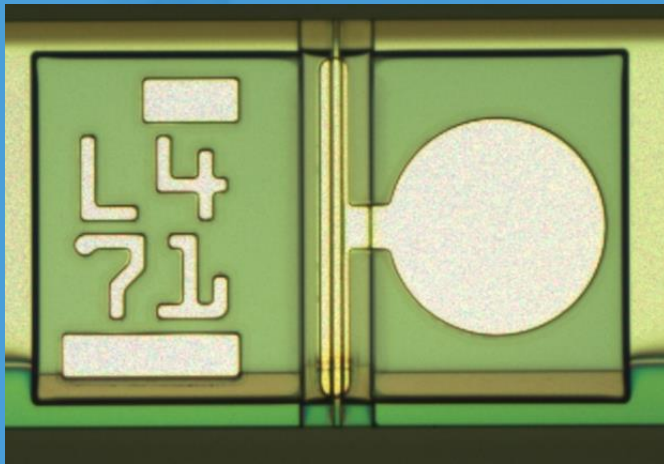
ITU-XGS-PON (G.9807.1 - 10G)

- Very Uniform Gratings and ridge process control leading to very accurate lasing wavelength and uniformity.
- 90,000 die sites per 100mm wafer
- Wavelength range +/- 1nm.
- I_{th} range +/- 1mA
- >65% Test Yield

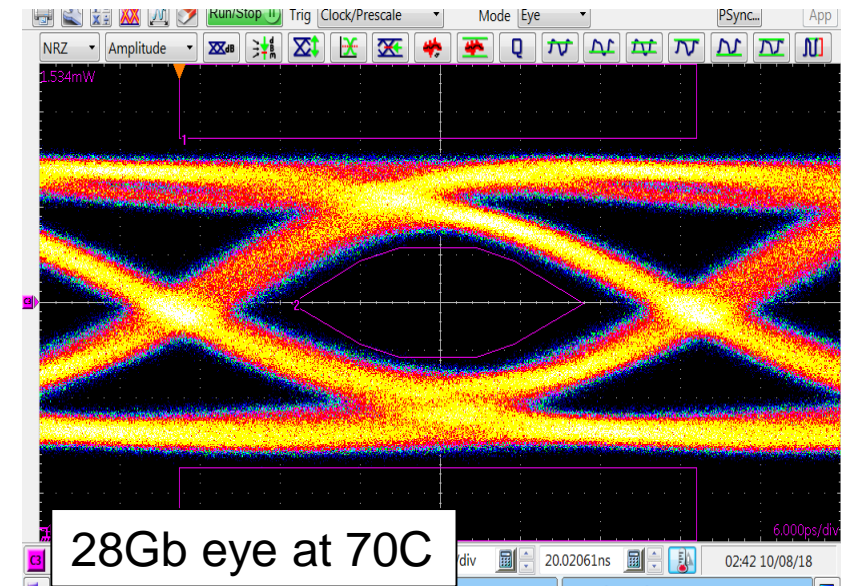
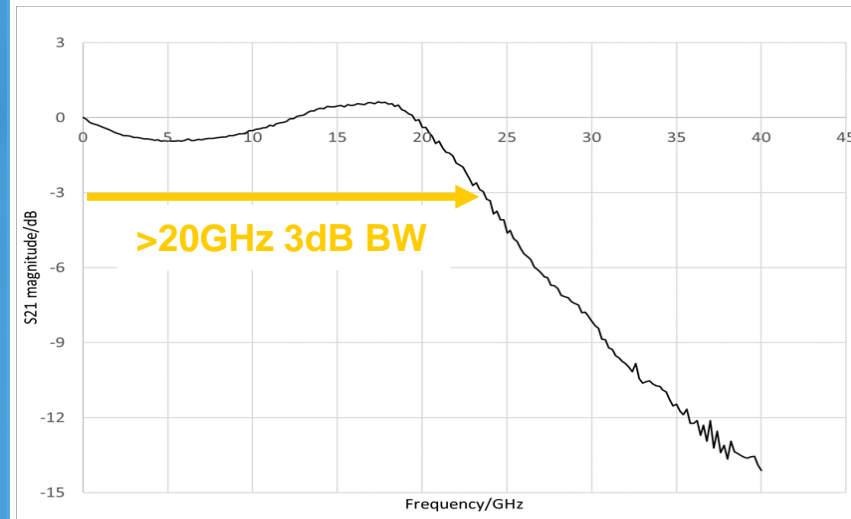


• O-band 25G DFB Lasers

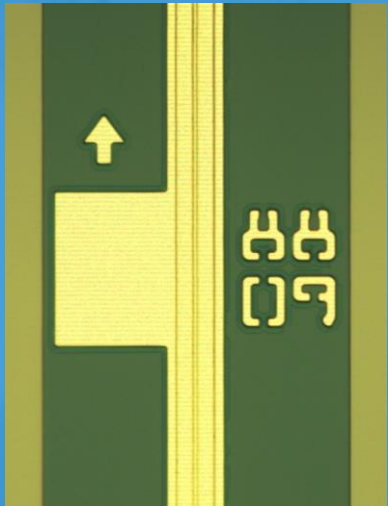
CWDM channels
(1270,1290,1310,1330)



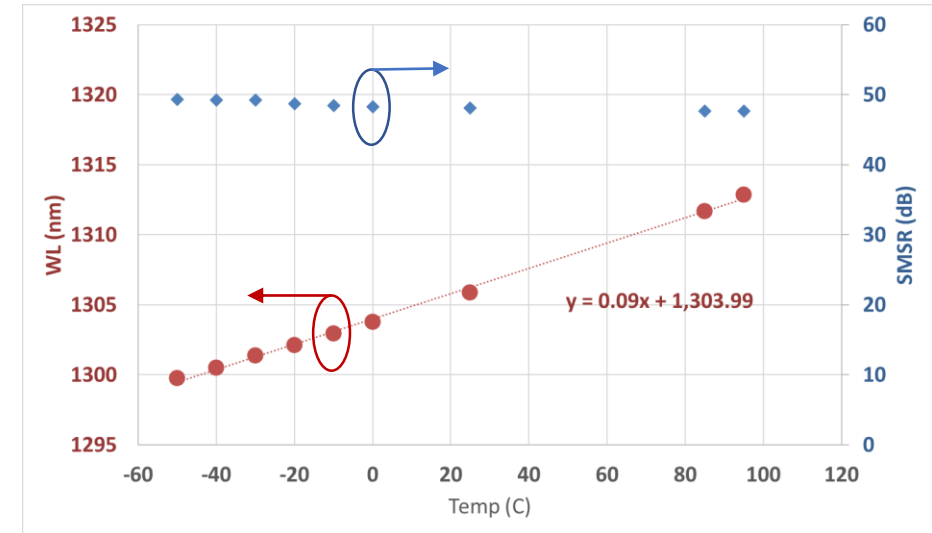
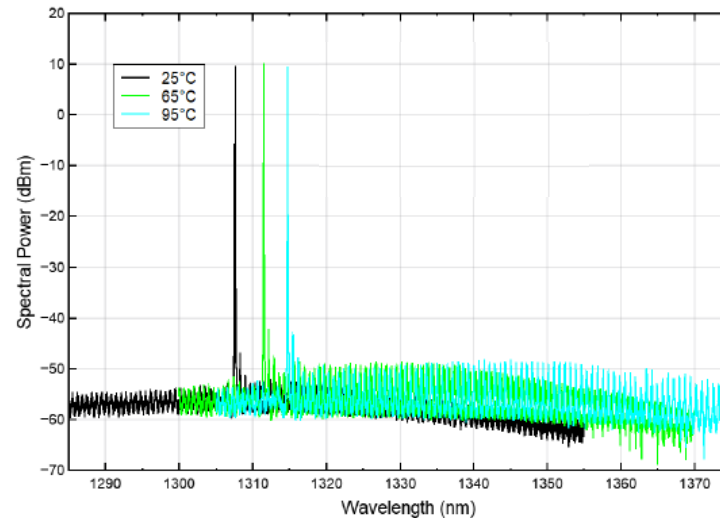
- High resonance frequencies achieved by:
 - High differential gain
 - High number of QWs
 - High kappa gratings
 - Optimised detuning for high temp
 - Short cavity length
- Minimisation of chip parasitics
 - Minimal metal pad and track dimensions
 - Thick dielectric passivation



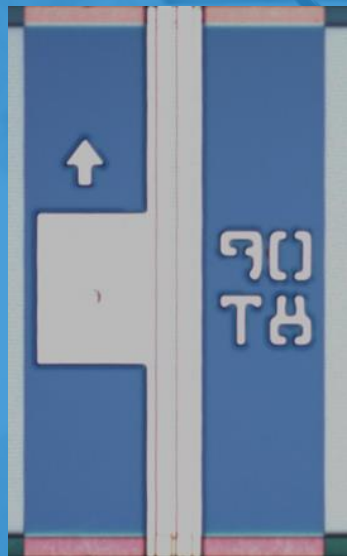
- Wide operating temperature
- 1310nm DFB
- (for 5G LTE)



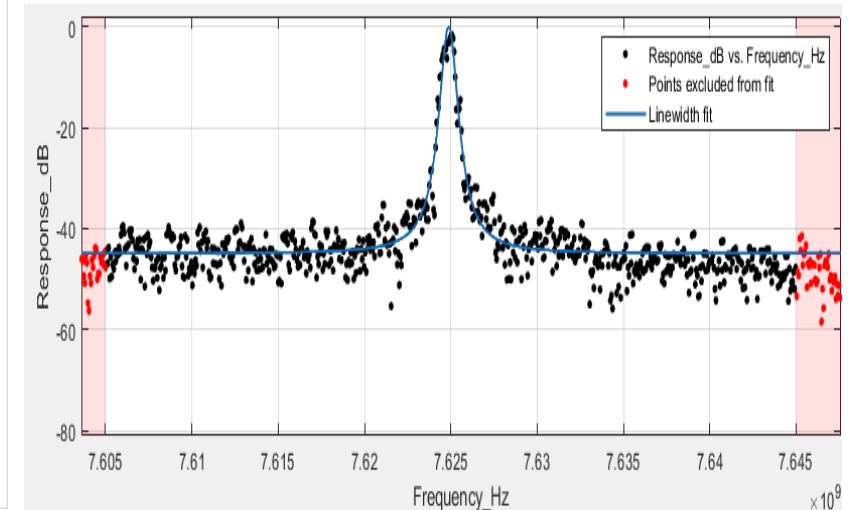
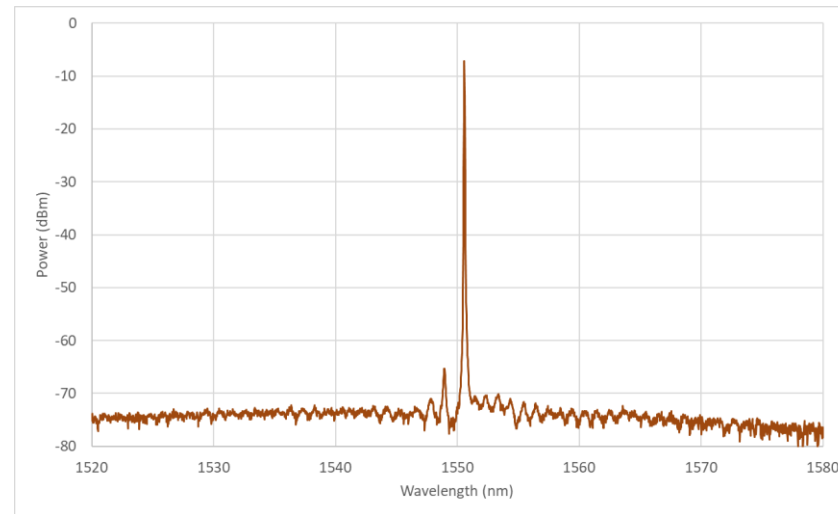
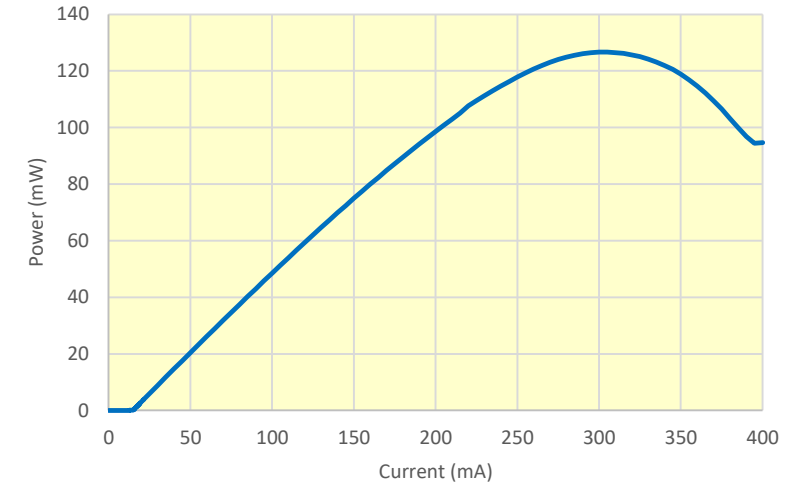
- Designed for CW operation at 25mW ex-facet output power.
- Functional from -50C to +95C assembled in TOSA packages.
- Performance achieved through:-
 - Optimised MQW active region, grating design, and cavity length.



- High Power 1550nm DFB for LIDAR



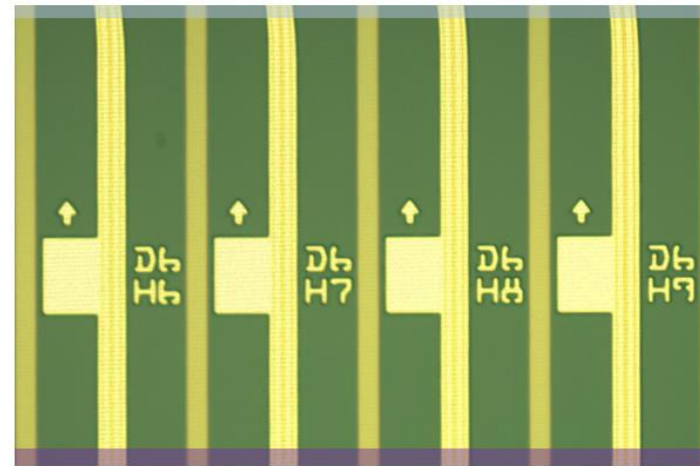
- Existing 100mW output at 25C. Higher powers achievable through further optimised epi/grating designs for longer cavity lasers.
- LWs down to <math><300\text{kHz}</math> range.
- SMSR > 50dB.



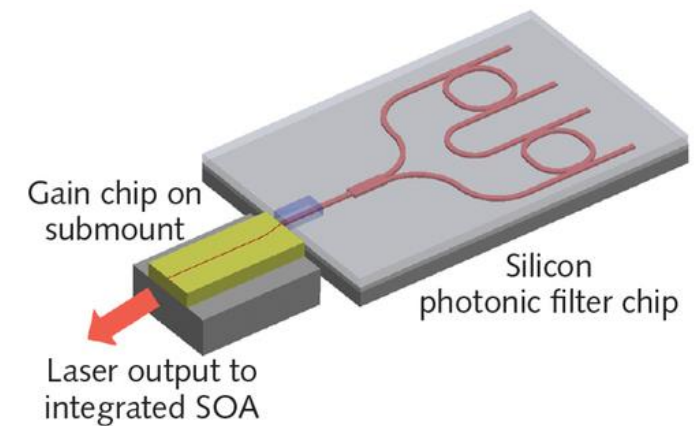
• RSOA (Gain Blocks) for tuneable lasers

- Broad gain spectra from AlInGaAs MQW active regions
- Various external cavity configurations supported
- Typical High Reflectivity (~95%) back facet
- Angled output facet to minimise reflectivity (-50dB)
- Typical external cavity laser performance of 50mW at 55C over 40nm tuning range
- Supplied as single or, more commonly, array format

AR facet (-50dB)



HR facet (~95%)



• InP100 Platform Summary



- The platform can support a number of end applications via a very broad range of laser designs:
 - rf
 - Comms, Datacenter, 5G
 - LIDAR
 - Sensing
- High Power DFBs (>100mW, >20dBm)
- High Speed DFBs (>20GHz 3dB BW)
- Narrow Linewidth DFBs (<300kHz)
- Wide Operating Temperature Range (-50C to +95C)
- High parametric test yields (>65% on 1270nm GPON)
- Excellent cross-wafer parametric uniformity (eg +/- 1nm wavelength)
- Proven High Reliability (5,000hrs GR-468 qualification)
- Scalable to high volume capacity
- ***Complete in-house capability: design, fabrication, test, reliability and qualification.***

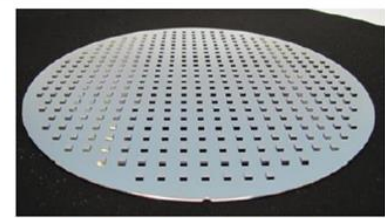
• Silicon Photonics

- Landscape

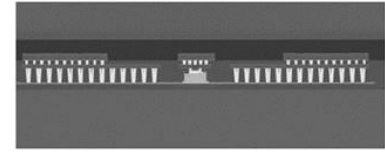
- Data comms and 5G
- Spectroscopic sensing
- Bio-Sensing
- LIDAR



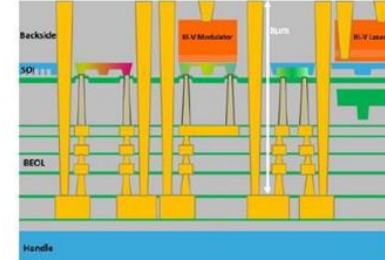
- Silicon Photonics
 - Example circuits



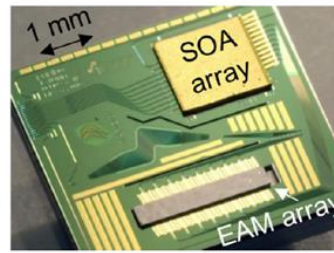
Die Bonding on 200 & 300mm Si wafers



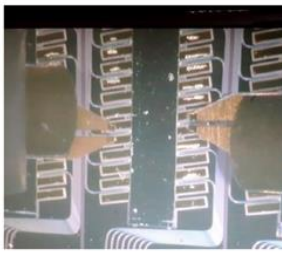
III-V/Si Laser with multilevel planar BEOL



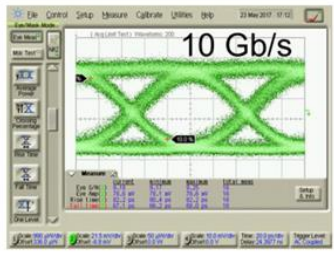
III-V/Si components integrated on backside of a complex photonic platform



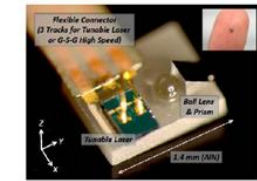
5x5 mm SOI chip with 8-ch SOA and EAM arrays



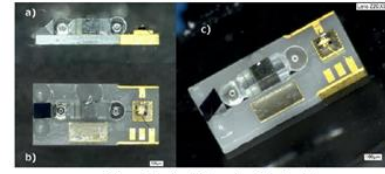
EAM array being tested on SOI



InP EAM test result

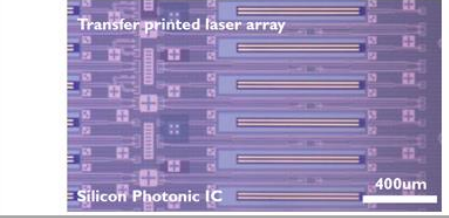
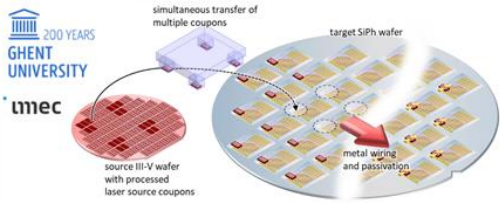


Standard Micro Optical Bench



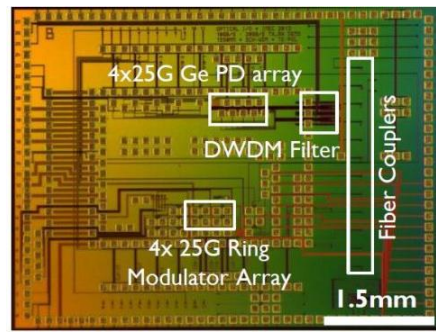
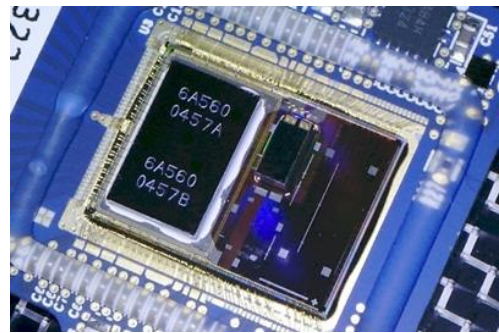
Micro Optical Bench with Isolator

Transfer printing



Silicon Photonic IC

ePIXfab
The European Silicon Photonics Alliance
<http://epixfab.eu>



• Silicon Photonics

• Fabs

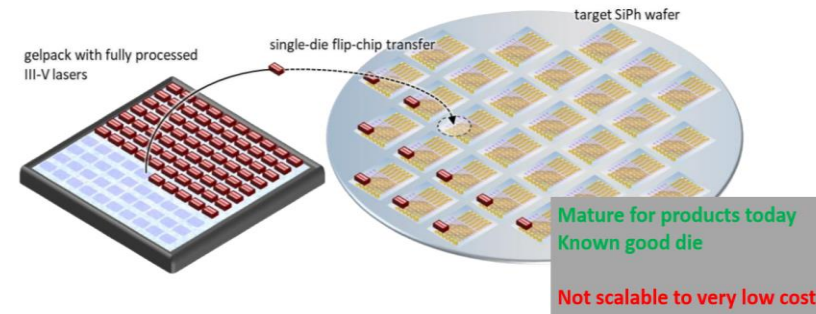
Rahim et al.: Open-Access Silicon Photonics: Current Status and Emerging Initiatives

Table 1 Prominent Open-Access Silicon Photonics Technology Platforms Offered by Various Fabs, Their Technology, and Access Mechanism

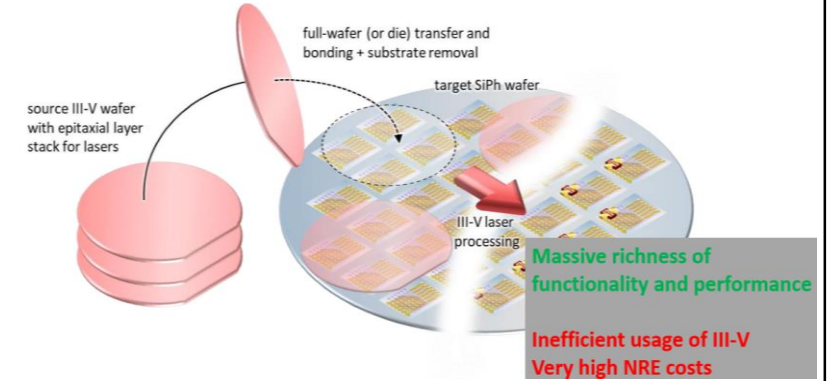
Foundry	Platform	Technology	Access	Waveguide Layer Thickness (nm)	Wafer Size (inch)
RAPID PROTOTYPING SERVICES					
AMO	thin SOI SiN	e-beam	Direct	220, 340	6
Applied Nano Tool	thin SOI	e-beam	Direct	220, 300	6
CNM/VLC	SiN	e-beam	Direct	300	4
Cornerstone	thin SOI	248 nm	Direct	220, 340, 500	8
LIGENTEC	SiN	-	Direct	up to 2500	4/6
CMOS PILOT LINES & RESEARCH INSTITUTES					
AIM (SUNY)	thin SOI SiN	- -	MOSIS	- -	12 12
CEA-LETI	thin SOI Ge/SiGe	193 nm	CMP	310 up to 3000	8 8
IHP	SiGe BiCMOS	248 nm	Europractice	220	8
IMEC	thin SOI SiN	193 nm	Europractice Direct	220	8 8
IMECAS	thin SOI	-	SPP	220	8
INPHOTEC	thin SOI	e-beam	Direct	220	6/8
Sandia Lab	thin SOI	-	Direct	240	-
VTT	thick SOI	UV	Direct	3000	6
INDUSTRIAL FABs					
AMF(former IME)	thin SOI SiN SiN-on-SOI	248/193 nm	Direct [†]	220, 340 - -	8 8 8
CompoundTek	thin SOI	193 nm immersion	Direct	-	-
Global Foundry/IBM	thin SOI	193 nm immersion / 248 nm	MOSIS, Direct, TAPO	sub-100 nm	8/12
SiTerra	thin SOI	-	Direct	-	8
SMIC	Thin SOI	-	Direct	340	8
ST Micro [§]	thin SOI	193 nm	Direct	310	12
TowerJazz	thin SOI	193 nm	Direct	-	8
TSMC	thin SOI	-	-	-	12
LioniX	SiN	UV	Direct	flexible	-

Integrating III-V with Silicon Photonics

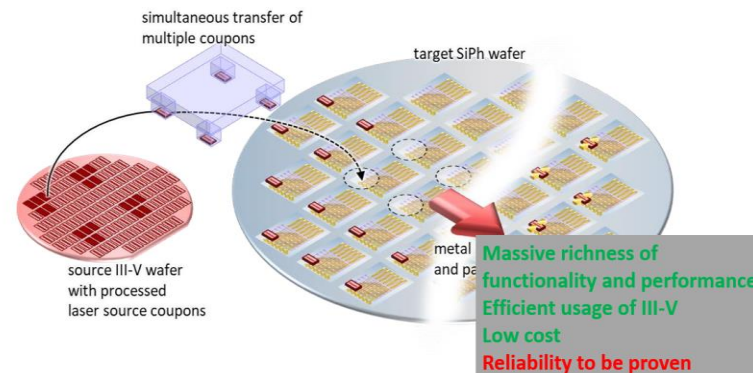
Flip-chip integration of bare dies / pick-and-place of packaged devices



die-to-wafer and wafer-to-wafer bonding + III-V processing in silicon fab

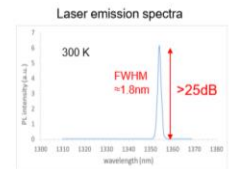
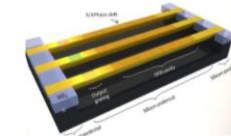
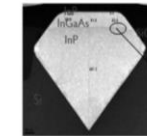


Transfer printing

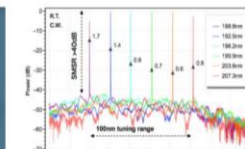
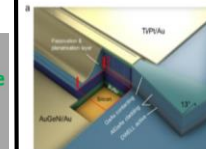


III-V on Silicon Hetero-Epitaxy

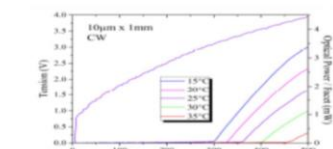
O-pumped InP DFB lasers (RT) @ imec



E-pumped QD DFB lasers (RT, CW) @ UCL



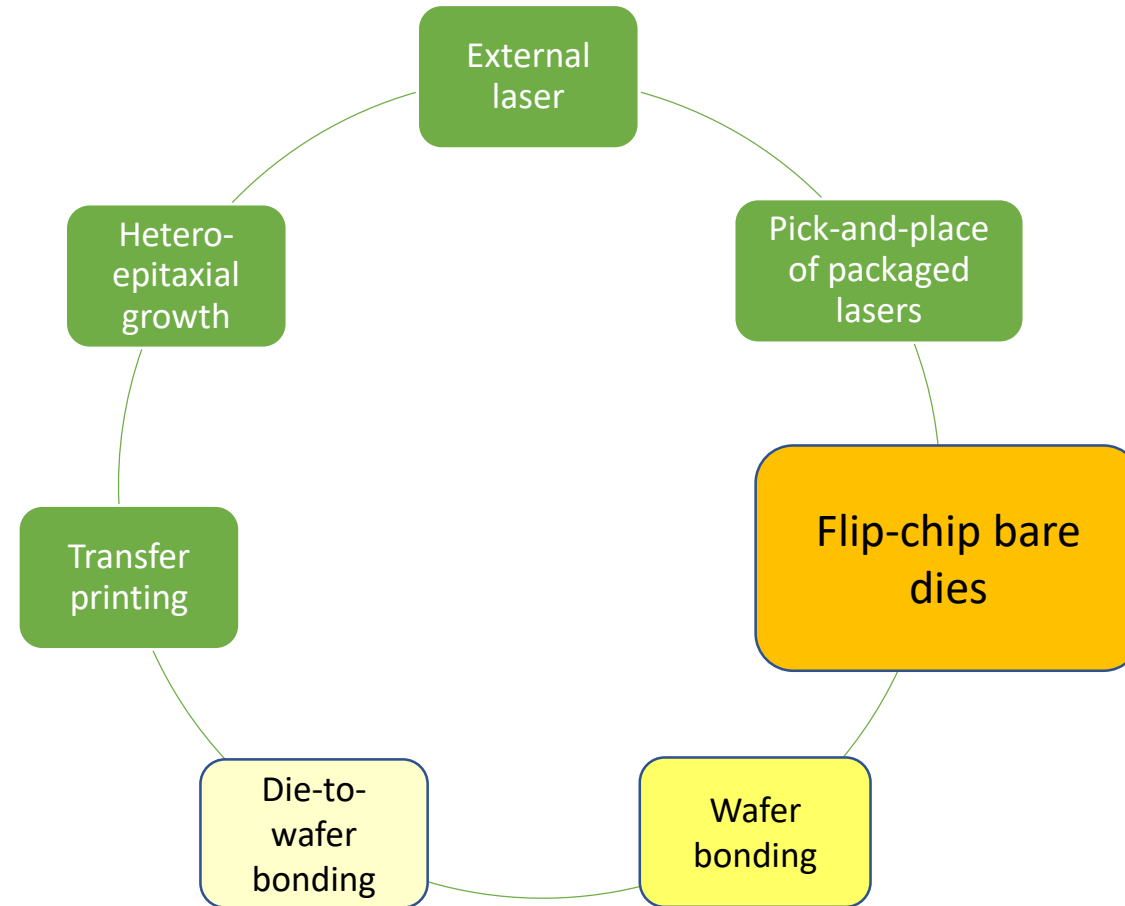
E-pumped GaSb QW lasers (RT) @ U.Montpellier



Remaining big challenge: integration in the SiPh process flow

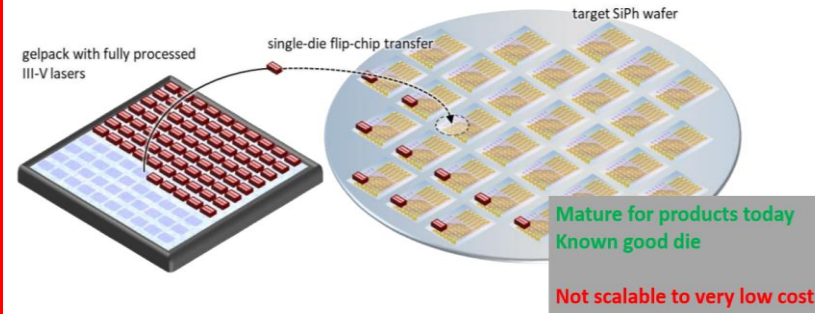
- Integrating III-V with Silicon Photonics

- Where does CST fit-in?

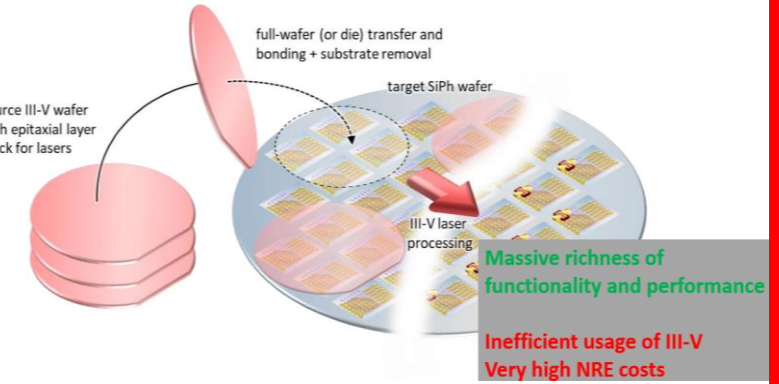


Integrating III-V with Silicon Photonics

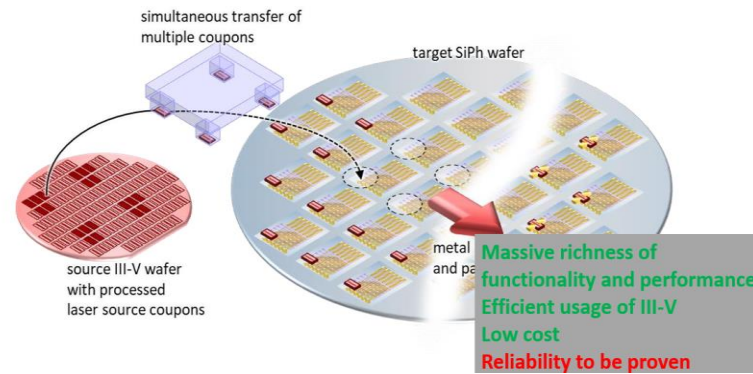
Flip-chip integration of bare dies / pick-and-place of packaged devices



die-to-wafer and wafer-to-wafer bonding + III-V processing in silicon fab

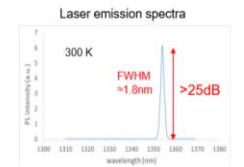
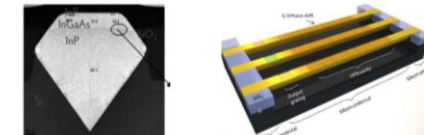


Transfer printing

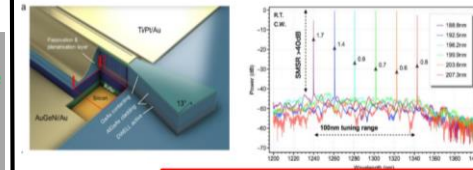


III-V on Silicon Hetero-Epitaxy

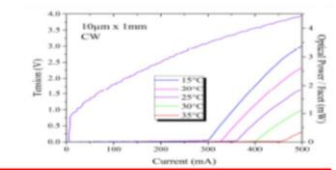
O-pumped InP DFB lasers (RT) @ imec



E-pumped QD DFB lasers (RT, CW) @ UCL



E-pumped GaSb QW lasers (RT) @ U.Montpellier

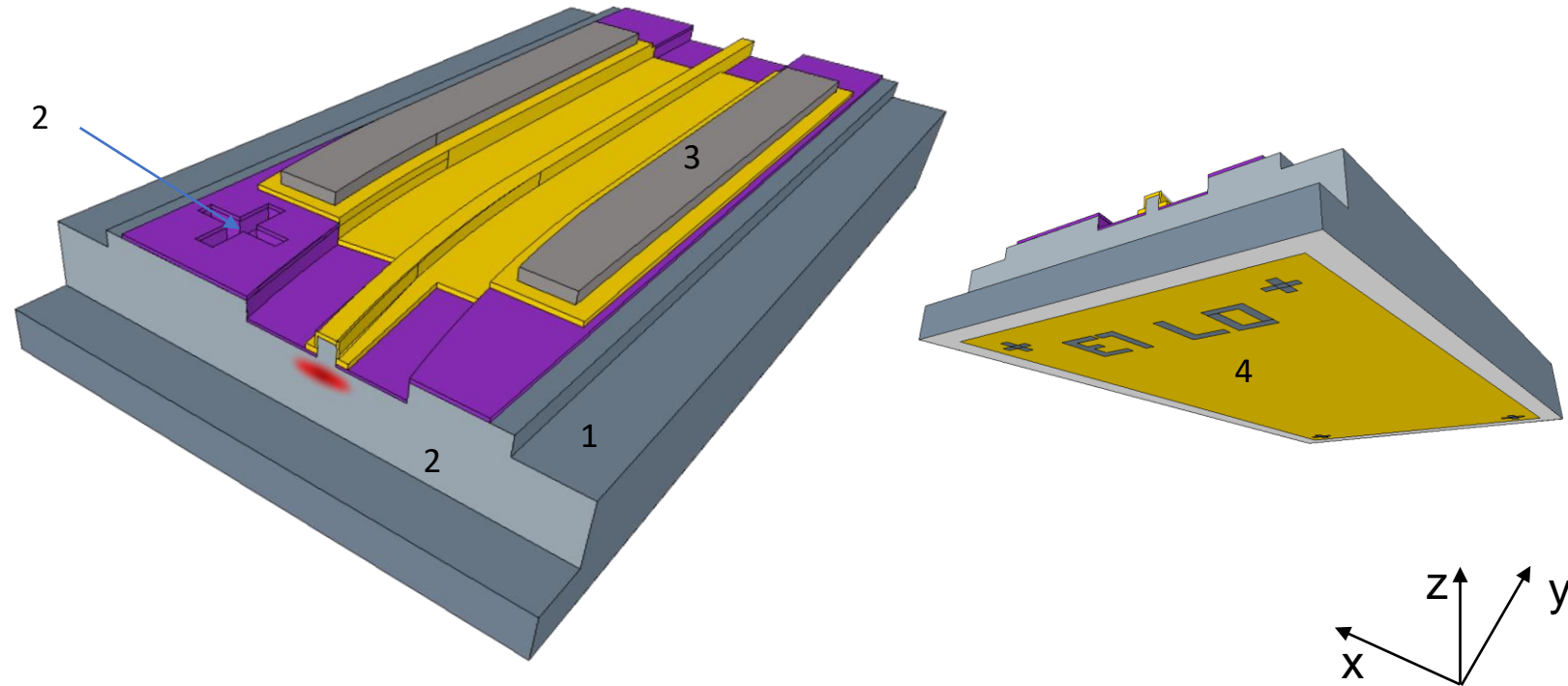


Remaining big challenge: integration in the SiPh process flow

InP RSOA chip optimised for Flip-Chip Assembly to SiPh

- Connection Details of InP100 to SiPh

- Example Device



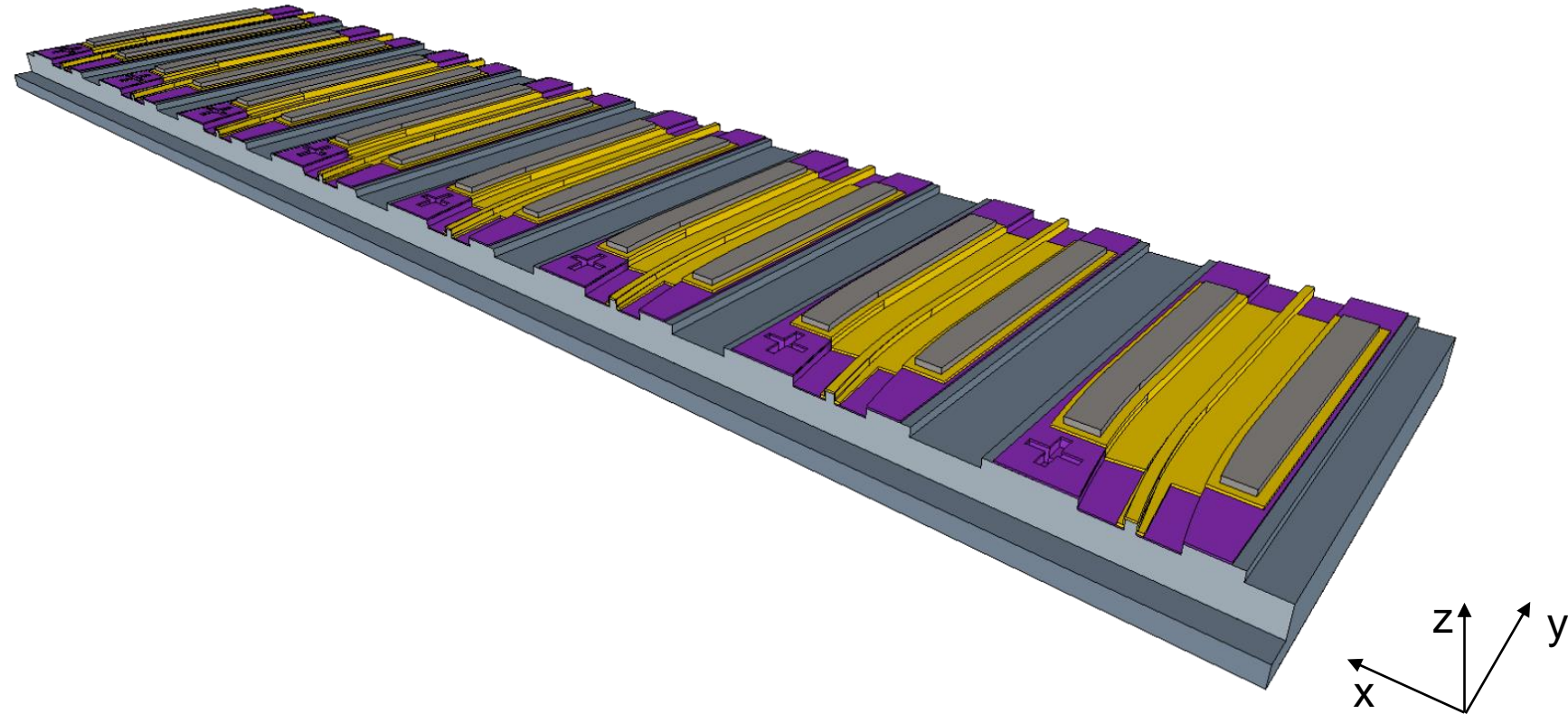
Key design features:

1. Vertical alignment surfaces. +/- 5nm height accuracy to optical mode centre. (z-axis)
2. Etched facet with self-aligned front-side fiducials to both ridge (x-axis) and facet (y-axis).
3. Metal pads for flip chip bonding. AuSn solder optional.
4. Backside alignment fiducials, and chip IDs.
5. Particle-free front-side.

- Connection Details of InP100 to SiPh

- Example Device

InP RSOA *8x-array* optimised for Flip-Chip Assembly to SiPh



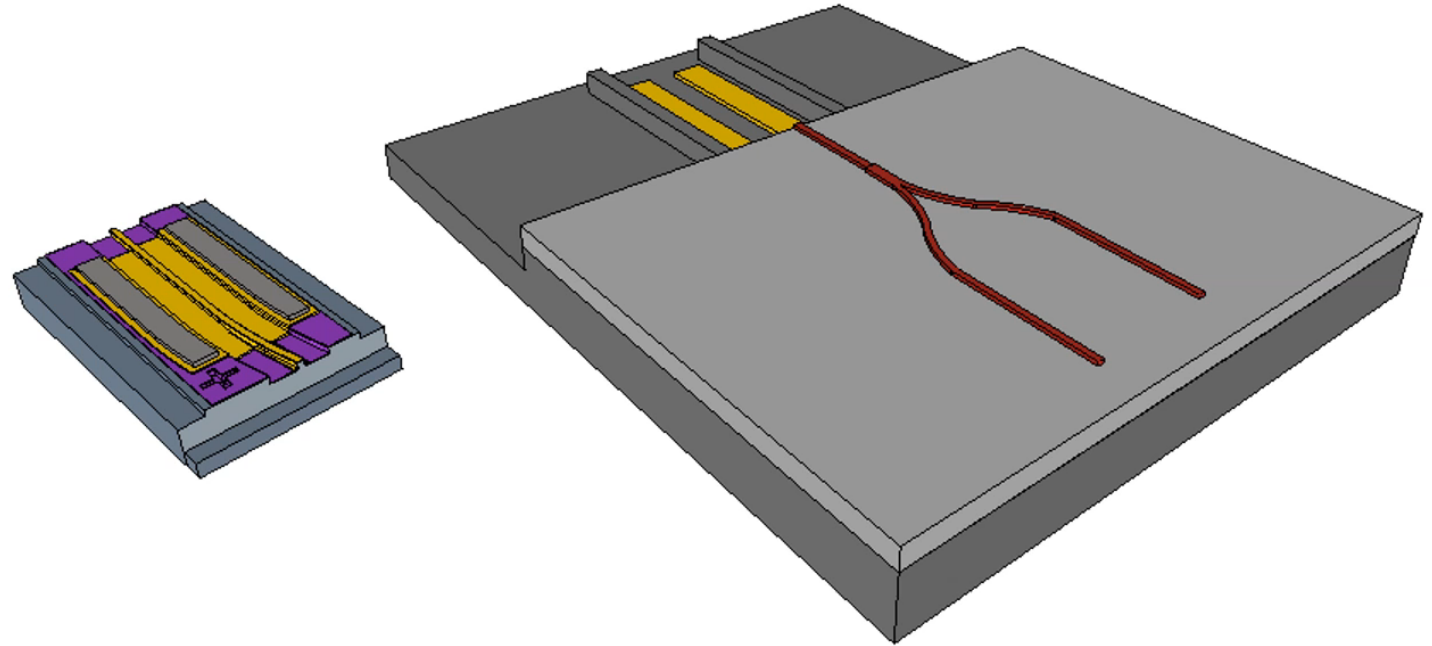
Key design features:

1. Vertical alignment surfaces. +/- 5nm height accuracy to optical mode centre. (z-axis)
2. Etched facet with self-aligned front-side fiducials to both ridge (x-axis) and facet (y-axis).
3. Metal pads for flip chip bonding. AuSn solder optional.
4. Backside alignment fiducials, and chip IDs.
5. Particle-free front-side.
6. Single chips or multi-channel arrays

InP RSOA chip Flip-Chipped onto SiPh

- Connection Details of InP100 to SiPh

- Integration Process



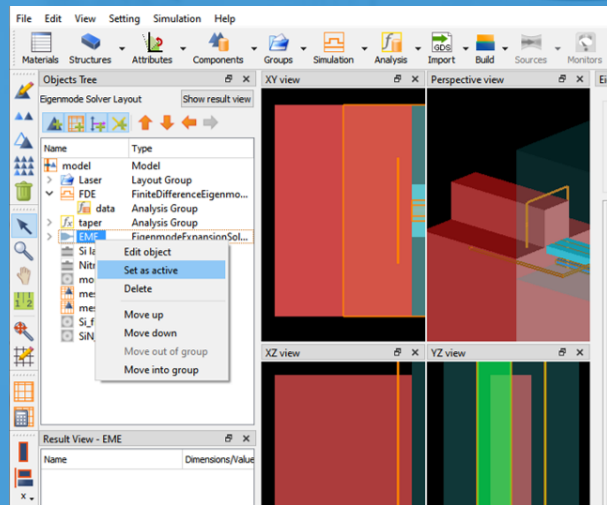
Key design features:

1. Vertical alignment surfaces. +/- 5nm height accuracy to optical mode centre. (z-axis)
2. Etched facet with self-aligned front-side fiducials to both ridge (x-axis) and facet (y-axis).
3. Metal pads for flip chip bonding. AuSn solder optional.
4. Backside alignment fiducials, and chip IDs.
5. Single chips or multi-element arrays



• Accessing the InP100 platform using a PDK

- InP100 PDK is under development with Cadence and Lumerical
- Ongoing development on the modelling (simulation) and physical co-design (ie, footprint, package) sides
- Workshop example to include CST 1550nm DFB laser

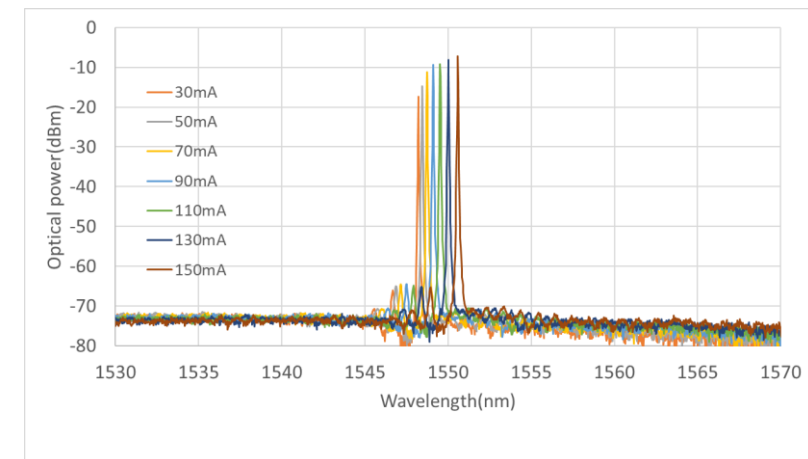
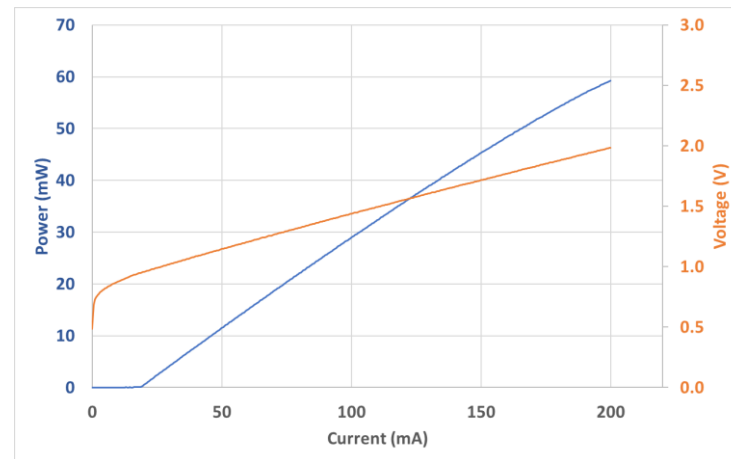
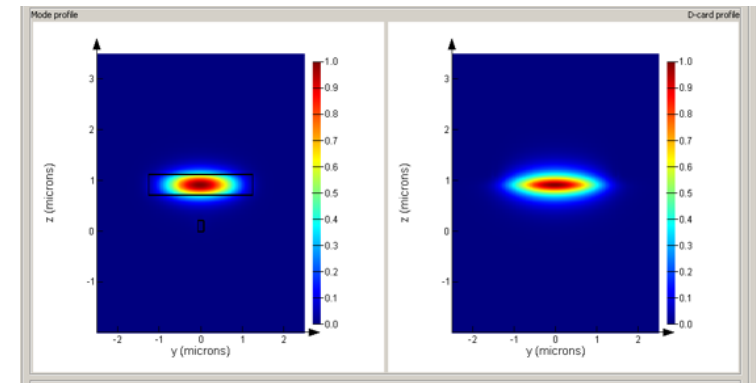
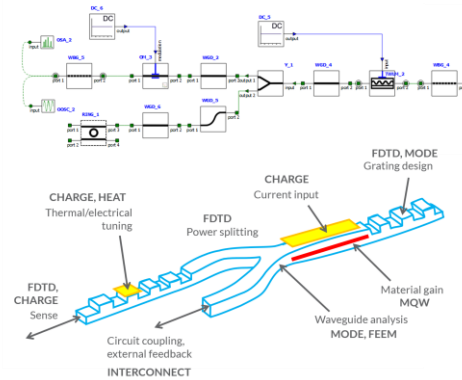


SYSTEM Suite
for Photonic Integrated Circuit Simulation

- INTERCONNECT Photonic Integrated Circuit Simulation
- CML Compiler Photonic Model Development Kit
- CML Publisher CML License Protection Option
- Laser Library Advanced Laser Modeling Extension
- System Library Advanced System Modeling Extension
- Photonic Verilog-A Platform

DEVICE Suite
for Photonic Multiphysics Simulation

- FDTD 3D Electromagnetic Simulator
- MODE Waveguide Simulator
- CHARGE 3D Charge Transport Simulator
- HEAT 3D Heat Transport Simulator
- DGTD 3D Electromagnetic Simulator
- FEEM Waveguide Simulator
- MQW Quantum Well Gain Simulator
- STACK Optical Multilayer Simulator



• Summary

- Discussed CST's InP100 platform and demonstrated the various high performance laser sources that can be fabricated from it, including lasers for rf-photonics applications.
- Discussed how CST lasers support the SiPh eco-system and where it's technology for III-V hybrid integration is specifically used.
- *Complete in-house capability: design, fabrication, test, reliability and qualification.*



Thank You !!

